

A PACKAGE, PARTICULARLY FOR PACKING INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present relates to a package, particularly for packing industrial products.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 Usually, the packing of industrial absorbent or adsorbent products, for example, for containing oil spillage, was made in hermetic packages, which had to be torn or cut open. These characteristics made them particularly unsuitable when part of the product was consumed, since it was extremely difficult to preserve the rest of the product inside the package without leakage occurring.

10 The objective of the present invention is to provide a package for packing industrial absorbent or adsorbent products, which enables one to consume part of the product and preserve part of it inside the package, without leakage occurring. In addition, it facilitates the pouring and control of the amount of product to be poured.

15 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The objective of the present invention is achieved by means of a package, particularly for packing industrial products, comprising a product-holding body provided with a through-bore, a grip region associated to the body and a flow controlling and interrupting valve associated to the through-bore, the valve
20 comprising an elongate and through-bored body of a flexible material, the body being fixed by at least one first end portion thereof to the through-bore, the second end portion of the body, opposed to the first one, extending outwardly of the through-bore and being foldable over the elongate body into the bore, so as to enable one to close the valve.

25 The present package permits partial consumption of the product and the correct application, by means of the valve, thus enabling one to use the product partly and rationally, without wasting it. It also prevents the packed product from leaking, which is of great importance in the case of packing toxic and polluting products.

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5 Figure 1 is a perspective view of the package of the present invention;
Figure 2 is a second perspective view of the package of the present invention;
Figure 3 is a perspective schematic view of the package of the present
invention when empty;
Figure 4 is a perspective front view of the package illustrated in figure 3;
10 Figure 5 is a schematic back view of the package illustrated in figures 3 and 4;
Figure 6 is a schematic side view of the package illustrated in figures 3 – 5;
Figure 7 is a schematic view of the package of the present invention when the
flow controlling and interrupting valve is open;
Figure 8 is a schematic view of the package of the present invention when the
15 flow controlling and interrupting valve is closed;
Figure 9 is a cross-section view of the flow controlling and interrupting valve
in the open position;
Figure 10 is a cross-section view of the valve illustrated in figure 9 when in
closing position;
20 Figure 11 is a cross-section of the valve illustrated in figures 9 and 10 when it
is in the closed position.

According to a preferred embodiment and as can be seen from Figure 1, the package 1 of the present invention, for packing industrial absorbent or adsorbent products, comprises a first end portion 2 or grip portion 2, a second end portion 6, a product-holding body 4, and a flow controlling and interrupting valve 5. The first end portion 2 is substantially rectangular, being provided with at least one, but preferably four overlapped layers of substantially flexible and substantially impermeable material. In a substantially central region of this first end portion 2, a substantially oblong through-opening 3 is provided, the function of which is to enable the user to grip and handle the package.

2

their main edges, which are substantially parallel to the direction of the longitudinal length of the package 1. Each of the layers described above has also a first secondary edge, to which the first end portion 2 is associated, and a second secondary edge, located substantially parallel and opposite to the first one. Like the main edges, the first secondary edges of the above layers are joined to each other and to the first end portion 2. Therefore, both layers of substantially flexible and substantially impermeable material, substantially rectangular, define a sac or bag, where the industrial absorbent or adsorbent products may be packed.

On the other hand, the main edges of the layers described in the preceding paragraph are joined to each other with excess material between them, so that the excess material defines a second end portion 6 that is substantially rectangular and substantially perpendicular to the two layers of substantially flexible and impermeable material. A first end portion of this second end portion 6 meets the fixation end portion of two of the main layers of substantially flexible and impermeable material. A second end portion of this second end portion 6 comprises a substantially tubular through-bore 7, with the direction of its longitudinal geometric axis being substantially perpendicular to the direction of the longitudinal geometric axis of the package 1. The bore 7 is defined by the wall of the layers of substantially flexible and impermeable material and additionally comprises the flow controlling and interrupting valve 5.

The valve 5 is constituted by a substantially cylindrical tube 8 of a transparent material, which has its first end portion 8' associated to a first lateral end region of the tubular through-bore 7, or first fixation region 10. When the package 1 is in vertical position, with the first end portion 2 facing upwards, the first fixation region 10 is being defined here as its upper portion. The bore 7 also comprises a second lateral end region or second fixation region 10', which is substantially opposed to the first one. The association of the tube 8 with the first fixation region 10 is effected at a first end portion 8' of the tube 8, with respect to the inside of the package 1, and the association of the tube 8 with said second fixation region 10' is effected substantially over the whole region of contact between both, the second region 10' being substantially larger than the first region 10. Therefore, there is a descending channel for filling the package at the factory and for pouring the packed product. In addition, the tube 8 comprises a second end portion in the form of a substantially free portion or stretch 8'', without any association with the package 1. In this way, the free stretch 8''

may be folded and/or directed as required or desired. Once the association of the tube 8 with the first end portion 2 is effected at the first end portion of the tube 8' with respect to the inside of the package 1, a cavity 9 is provided to permit this folding. The cavity 9 is defined by the region inside the through-bore 7, where there is no fixation between the tube 8 and the through-bore 7.

In order to close the valve 5, it is enough to fold the free stretch 8'' described above over the rest of the length of the tube 8, which is possible by virtue of the length of this free stretch 8''. To corroborate the tightness, the weight of the packed product crushes both stretches of the tube 8, thus contributing to obstruct the passage completely. When one desires to use the product contained in the package 1, it is enough to unfold the free stretch 8''. This process may be repeated several times, guaranteeing utilization flexibility to the package 1.

Evidently, other materials may be used in the manufacture of any of the components of the present invention, provided that they are functional. In addition, other configurations of the valve 5 may be foreseen, without altering the protection scope of the invention with respect to the preferred embodiment described here.

The present package 1 permits partial consumption of the product and the correct application, by means of the valve 5, facilitating the pouring and control of the desired amount of product, thus enabling one to use the product partly and rationally, without wasting it. It also avoids leakage of the packed product, which is of great importance if toxic or polluting products are packed.

A preferred embodiment having been described, one should understand that the scope of the present invention embraces other possible variations, being limited only by the contents of the accompanying claims, which include the possible equivalents.